

TCV vaccines indicator

Values and preferences

Perception of the target population on the risk of disease

The SAGE Evidence-to-Recommendation assessment concluded that community understanding and perception of typhoid as a public-health issue varies by setting. In higher-burden settings, stakeholders raised concern about leaving young children unprotected if primary vaccination were delayed, suggesting that early-life disease risk is salient in some contexts. However, these findings are indirect and are based primarily on programme and expert perspectives rather than representative studies of the target population.¹

Sources

1.

World Health Organization (2026). SAGE Background Document – Typhoid vaccines. SAGE meeting, 9–11 March 2026. (

https://terrance.who.int/mediacentre/data/sage/SAGE_eYB_March26.pdf, accessed 26 July 2026)